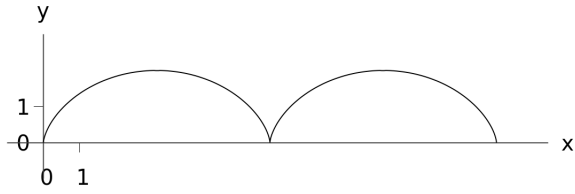
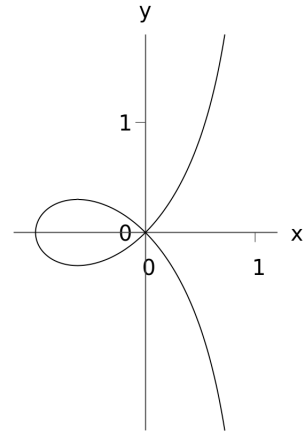


COURBES PARAMÉTRÉES

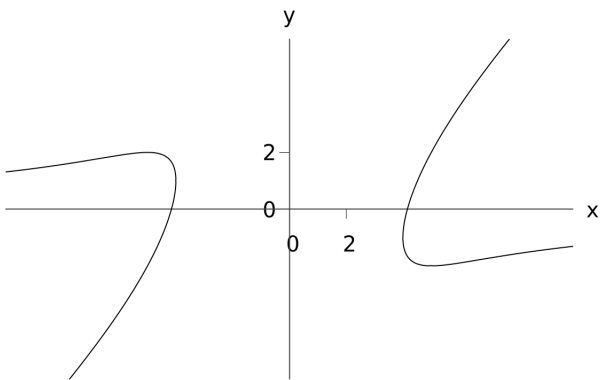
EXEMPLES



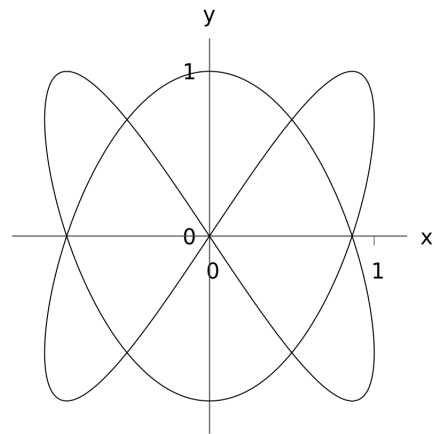
Cycloïde : $x=t-\sin(t)$, $y=1-\cos(t)$



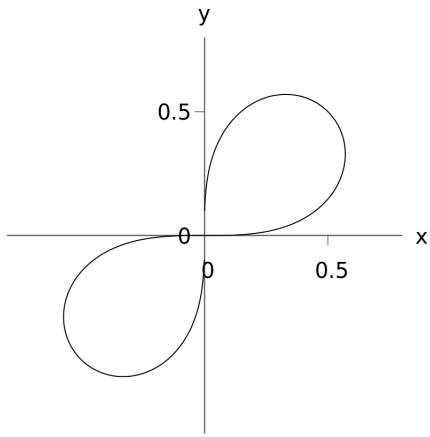
Strophoïde : $x=(t^2-1)/(t^2+1)$, $y=t(t^2-1)/(t^2+1)$



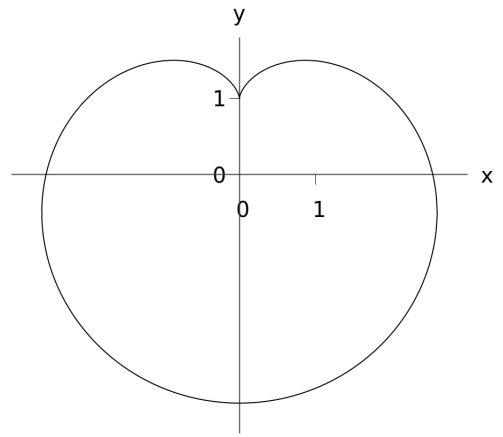
Courbe $x=t+4/t$, $y=t-9t/(t^2+2)$



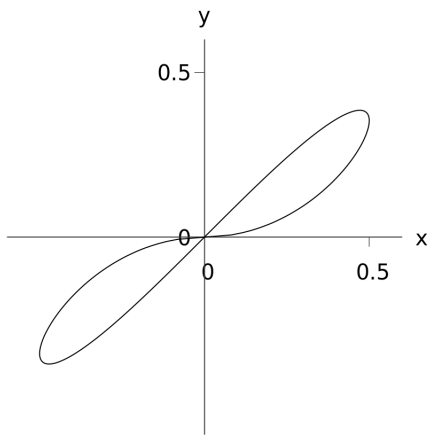
Courbe de Lissajous : $x=\sin(2t)$, $y=\sin(3t)$



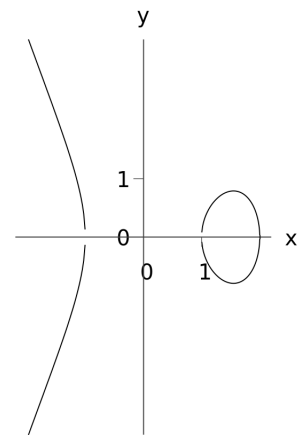
Lemniscate : $x=t/(1+t^4)$, $y=t^3/(1+t^4)$



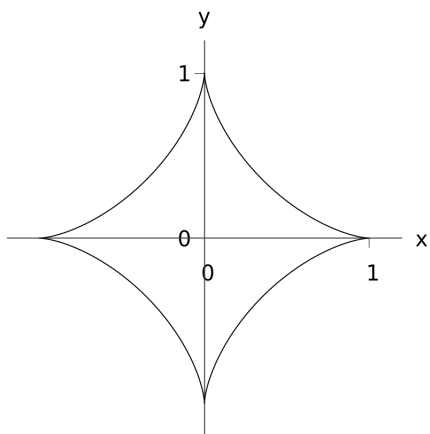
Cardioïde : $x=\sin(2t)+2\sin(t)$, $y=-2\cos(t)-\cos(2t)$



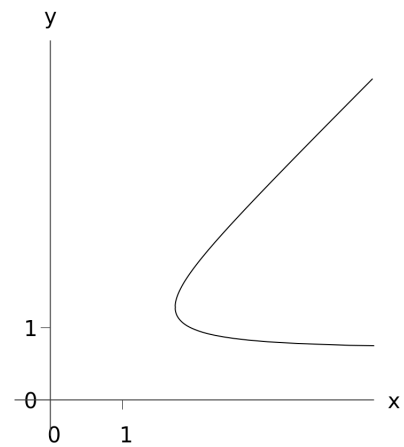
Courbe $x=t \sqrt{1-t^2}$, $y=t(1-t^2)$



Courbe elliptique : $x=2-t^2$, $y=t \sqrt{t^4-4t^2+3}$



Astroïde : $x=\cos(t)^3$, $y=\sin(t)^3$



Courbe $x=\sqrt{t+1/(t-1)}$, $y=\sqrt{t-1/(t+1)}$